					English		
Topic	Key Concepts	Related Concepts	Theme	ATL skills	Lines of Inquiry	Summative Assessments	Assessment Objectives
Writing: Personal narrative about a dilemma students face. The option between two things. What would they choose?  Reading: Characters, structure of a story, points of view	Perspective Change Causation	Problem, resolution, flowcharts, diagrams	Who We Are: Self-identity	Thinking Skills Reflections/metacogn ition skills (reconsidering the process of learning)  Communication Skills Literacy skills (reading, writing and using language to gather and communicate information)  Self Management Skills States of mind (mindfulness, perseverance, emotional management, self-motivation, resilience)	- Factors that influence self-identity - How a growth mindset develops a learner - Our responsibility toward others	Writing: Teacher models writing by explicitly explaining and teaching the genre. Students explore examples and individually construct stories. Students will choose one to publish towards the end of the unit for the summative assessment.  Reading: ongoing assessment during guided reading sessions.	Writing:  * Write narratives in which they recount a well-elaborated event or short sequence of events.  * Include details to describe the main character's actions, thoughts, and feelings.  * Include a problem or conflict in the story for the main character.  * Use commas after fronted adverbials (eg later that day).  * With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to the task and purpose.  * Keep a log of ideas to write about over time, create examples of different types of writing and store them in their own writing folder. (year-long)  * Discuss writing that is similar to the writing they are planning in order to understand and learn from the structure, vocabulary and grammar.  * Compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue) progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and range of sentence structures.  * Organise paragraphs around them Create settings, characters and plots.  Reading: Literature:  * Describe how characters in a story respond to major events and challenges. Describe how the setting changes throughout a story.  * Identify and explain the basic structure of a story—beginning, middle and end; may use storyboards or comic strips to communicate elements  - beginning  - build-up  - problem  - resolution  - end  * Acknowledge differences in the points of view of characters, including by speaking in a different voice for each character when



			reading dialogue aloud.  * Independently and proficiently read the following genres: stories, poetry  Information text:  * Explain how specific images contribute to and clarify text: diagrams, flowcharts, etc.  * Read and comprehend grade-level informational texts: history/social studies, science, technical texts  Overall reading standards:
			* Make connections between self, text, and the world around them (text, media, social interaction).  * Participate in class reading activities: guided, shared and independent reading.  * Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in the text.

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	Form	Setting, plot,	How The World	Research Skills		Writing: Teacher models writing by	Writing:
1	Function	multi-paragraph text,	Works: Earth	Media literacy skills	land and water	explicitly explaining and teaching the	* Use paragraphs to organise the story.
how to play a	Change	cultures		(interacting with		genre. Students explore examples and	* Write narratives in which they recount a well-elaborated event or
game, how to						individually construct procedural texts.	short sequence of events.
design and make				create ideas and	- How natural forces	Students will choose one to publish	* Use powerful nouns, adjectives and verbs.
artefacts,				information)	have changed the	towards the end of the unit for the	* Write free verse linked to Unit of Inquiry using adjectives/simile
instructions on				Information-literacy	Earth's physical	summative assessment.	and/or rhyme.
packaging.				skills (formulation and	features		
				planning, data		Reading: ongoing assessment during	Reading:
Reading: Recount				gathering and		guided reading sessions.	Literature:
stories, using				recording,			* Recount stories, including fables and folktales from diverse
information,				synthesising and			cultures, and determine their central message, lesson or moral.
compare and				interpreting,			* Use information gained from the illustrations and words in a
contrast				evaluating and			print or digital text to demonstrate understanding of its characters,
				communicating)			setting, or plot.
							* Compare and contrast two or more versions of the same story
				Self Management			by different authors or from different cultures, for example,
				Skills			Cinderella stories.
				Organization skills			
				(managing time and			Information text:
				tasks effectively)			* Identify the main topic or focus of a multi-paragraph text.
							* Determine the meaning of words and phrases in a text.
							* Describe how reasons support specific points the author makes
							in a text.
							* Explain how specific images contribute to and clarify text:
							diagrams, flowcharts, etc.
							Overall reading standards:
							* Select and read favourite texts for enjoyment.



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Writing: All About	Function	Index, glossary,	How We	Research Skills	- How communities	Writing: Teacher models writing by	Writing:
community	Responsibility	subheadings, icons,	Organise	Media literacy skills	are organised	explicitly explaining and teaching the	* Create and describe a setting to create an atmosphere using
services books.	Connection	captions	Ourselves:	(interacting with	- How different	genre. Students explore examples and	different adjectives.
			Communities	media to use and	communities are	individually construct 'All About' books.	* Use time words to signal event order, showing a beginning,
Reading: Major				create ideas and	connected	Students will choose one to publish	middle and end to the story.
events,				information)	- Our responsibility	towards the end of the unit for the	* Use paragraphs to organise the story.
illustrations, key				Information-literacy	in a community	summative assessment.	* Use powerful nouns, adjectives and verbs.
facts, the meaning				skills (formulation and			
of words, compare				planning, data		Reading: ongoing assessment during	Reading:
and contrast				gathering and		guided reading sessions.	Literature:
				recording,			* Describe how characters in a story respond to major events and
				synthesising and			challenges. Describe how the setting changes throughout a story.
				interpreting,			* Use information gained from the illustrations and words in a
				evaluating and			print or digital text to demonstrate understanding of its characters,
				communicating)			setting, or plot.
				Self Management			Information text:
				Skills			* Determine the meaning of words and phrases in a text.
				Organization skills			* Know and use various text features to locate key facts or
				(managing time and			information in a text efficiently
				tasks effectively)			- captions
							- bold print
							- subheadings
							- glossaries
							- indexes
							- electronic menus
							- icons
							* Identify the main idea of a text, including what the author wants
							to answer, explain or describe.
							* Compare and contrast the most important points presented by
							two texts on the same topic.
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							Overall reading standards:
							* Self-select text based upon personal preference.
							* Participate in class reading activities: guided, shared and
							independent reading.
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Writing:	Form	Plant and animal	Sharing The	Research Skills	- How ecosystems	Writing: Teacher models writing by	Writing:
Explanatory - How		diversity and	Planet:	Media literacy skills	support life	explicitly explaining and teaching the	* Create and describe a setting to create atmosphere using
0 0 1	Responsibility	interactions, plant	Ecosystems	(interacting with	*	genre. Students explore examples and	different adjectives.
to their habitats to		growth, pollination and		media to use and	relationships in	individually construct explanations about	* Characters are introduced and who, what, when, where and why
grow and survive		seed dispersal		create ideas and	ecosystems	animals in their habitats. Students will	are established.
				information)		choose one to publish towards the end of	* Use time words to signal event order, showing a beginning,
Reading: Story				Ethical use of	the balance	the unit for the summative assessment.	middle and end to the story.
structure, compare				media/information			
and contrast, main				(understanding and		Reading: ongoing assessment during	Reading:
topic, main idea,				applying social and		guided reading sessions.	Literature:
informational texts				ethical technology)			* Identify and explain the basic structure of a story—beginning,
							middle and end; may use storyboards or comic strips to
				Self Management			communicate elements
				Skills			- beginning
				Organization skills			- build-up
				(managing time and			- problem
				tasks effectively)			- resolution
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			- end
							* Compare and contrast two or more versions of the same story
							by different authors or from different cultures, for example,
							Cinderella stories.
							Information text:
							* Identify the main topic or focus of a multi-paragraph text.
							* Describe the connections between a series of historical events,
							scientific ideas/concepts, or steps in the text.
							* Identify the main idea of a text, including what the author wants
							to answer, explain or describe.
							* Read and comprehend grade-level informational texts:
							history/social studies, science, technical texts
							Overall reading standards:
							* Make connections between self, text, and the world around them
							(text, media, social interaction).
							* Select and read favourite texts for enjoyment.
							* Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why,
							and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in the text.



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Writing:	Causation	Alliteration, reasoning,	Where We are in	Communication	- Reasons why	Writing: Transactional - Teacher models	Writing:
Transactional -	Change	flowchart, diagrams	Place and Time:	Skills	people move	writing by explicitly explaining and	* Include details to describe the main character's actions, thoughts,
Friendly letters and	Perspective		Human	Exchanging-informati	- How migration	teaching the genre. Students explore	and feelings.
postcards			movement	on skills (listening,	leads to change	examples and individually construct letters	* Use paragraphs to organise the story.
Persuasive - Write				interpreting, speaking)	- Personal	and postcards. Students will choose one	* Use commas after fronted adverbials (eg later that day).
a persuasive letter					immigration histories	to publish towards the end of the unit for	* Introduce term simile.
why migrating to a				Thinking Skills		the summative assessment.	* Experiment with alliteration.
certain country is				Critical-thinking skills			
worth it.				(analysing and		Persuasive - Students will be	Reading:
				evaluating issues and		co-constructing persuasive letters about	Literature:
Reading: Recount				ideas)		different topics through practical	* Recount stories, including fables and folktales from diverse
stories, rhythm and				Transfer skills (using		experiences and group work. Groups will	cultures, and determine their central message, lesson or moral.
meaning,				skills and knowledge		choose one to publish towards the end of	* Describe how words and phrases supply rhythm and meaning in
connections				in multiple contexts)		the unit.	a story, poem, or song:
							- regular beats
						Reading: ongoing assessment during	- alliteration
						guided reading sessions.	- rhyme
							- repeated lines
							* Independently and proficiently read the following genres: stories,
							poetry
							Information text:
							* Describe the connections between a series of historical events,
							scientific ideas/concepts, or steps in the text.
							* Describe how reasons support specific points the author makes
							in a text.
							* Explain how specific images contribute to and clarify text:
							diagrams, flowcharts, etc.
							Overall reading standards:
							* Self-select text based upon personal preference.
							* Participate in class reading activities: guided, shared and
							independent reading.
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Writing: Persuasive	Form	Captions, bold print,	How We Express	Social Skills	- How people	Writing: Persuasive - Students will be	Writing:
- Create a poster	Change	electronic menus,	Ourselves:	Developing	express themselves	co-constructing persuasive letters about	* Include a problem or conflict in the story for the main character
about which	Causation	dialogue	Imagination	social-emotional	through stories	different topics through practical	* Introduce term simile.
school trip we				intelligence	- The creative	experiences and group work. Groups will	* Invent new similes and experiment with word play.
should go on and					process	choose one to publish towards the end of	* Experiment with alliteration.
why.				Thinking Skills	- Different ways	the unit.	* Write free verse linked to Unit of Inquiry using adjectives/simile
Poetry - Rhyme,				Creative-thinking	stories can be	Poetry - Students will be co-constructing	and/or rhyme.
similes, quatrain,				skills (generating	expressed	poems about different topics through	
stanza, free verse,				novel ideas and		practical experiences and group work.	Reading:
imerick				considering new		Groups will choose one to publish	Literature:
				perspectives)		towards the end of the unit.	* Describe how words and phrases supply rhythm and meaning in
Reading: Poems,							a story, poem, or song:
stories, songs,						Reading: ongoing assessment during	- regular beats
ocating key facts,						guided reading sessions.	- alliteration
compare and							- rhyme
contrast							- repeated lines
							* Acknowledge differences in the points of view of characters,
							including by speaking in a different voice for each character when
							reading dialogue aloud.
							* Independently and proficiently read the following genres: storie,
							and poetry.
							Information text:
							* Know and use various text features to locate key facts or
							information in a text efficiently
							- captions
							- bold print
							- subheadings
							- glossaries
							- indexes
							- electronic menus
							- icons
							* Compare and contrast the most important points presented by
							two texts on the same topic.
							* Read and comprehend grade-level informational texts:
							history/social studies, science, and technical texts.
							Overall reading standards:
							* Select and read favourite texts for enjoyment.

## Taking Action



Taking action is one of the five essential elements of the PYP and an intricate part of the inquiry cycle which could be interpreted as a "conclusion" to learning. When taking action, students make connections to new knowledge they have acquired and apply their skills in everyday life.

